The Burden of Diabetes in District of Columbia (DC)

Diabetes is an epidemic in the United States. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), over 37 million Americans have diabetes and face its devastating consequences. What's true nationwide is also true in DC.

DC's diabetes epidemic:

- Approximately 43,610 people in DC, or 8% of the adult population, have diagnosed diabetes.
- An additional 14,000 people in DC have diabetes but don't know it, greatly increasing their health risk.
- There are 164,000 people in DC, 29% of the adult population, who have prediabetes with blood glucose levels that are higher than normal but not yet high enough to be diagnosed as diabetes.

Diagnosed diabetes costs an estimated \$700 million in DC each year.

The serious complications include heart disease, stroke, amputation, end-stage kidney disease, blindness—and death.

Every year an estimated 3,964 people in the District of Columbia are diagnosed with diabetes.

Diabetes is expensive:

People with diabetes have **medical expenses approximately 2.3 times higher** than those who do not have diabetes.

- Total direct medical expenses for diagnosed diabetes in DC were estimated at \$428 million in 2017.
- In addition, another \$271 million was spent on indirect costs from lost productivity due to diabetes.

Improving lives, preventing diabetes and finding a cure:

In 2023, the **National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases** at the National Institutes of Health invested **\$3,270,940** in diabetes-related research projects in DC.

The **Division of Diabetes Translation** at the CDC provided **\$8,493,128** in diabetes prevention and educational grants in DC in 2021.

Sources include:

- Diabetes Prevalence: 2020 state diagnosed diabetes prevalence, cdc.gov/diabetes/data; 2017 state undiagnosed diabetes prevalence,
 Dall et al., "The Economic Burden of Elevated Blood Glucose Levels in 2017", Diabetes Care, September 2019, vol. 42.
- Diabetes Incidence: National Diabetes Statistics Report—2022, cdc.gov/diabetes/data/statistics-report/index.html
- Cost: American Diabetes Association, "Economic Costs of Diabetes in the U.S. in 2017", Diabetes Care, May 2018.
- Research expenditures: 2023 NIDDK funding, report.nih.gov/award/index.cfm; 2021 CDC diabetes funding, fundingprofiles.cdc.gov/FundingProfiles/FundingQuery